

Equal Rights for Patient Care

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The purpose of this research is to focus on equal rights for patient care and the effects it has on patient's health outcomes. Studies have shown that patients from minority groups and the needy like the homeless are often denied healthcare services on the basis of their financial capability. Sometimes some nurses and even other healthcare workers are forced to help some of these needy people access healthcare services since every life is important and should be regarded as such. There are several studies that show that equal rights for patient care do not apply to everyone (Nisker et al., 2020) These studies have proven that money is the determining factor in most healthcare facilities which often discriminate against most needy people like the homeless.

Equal rights for patient care have a long way to be effectively implemented. This has negatively affected the health of the vulnerable and the patients from minority groups. Majority of them have resulted in self-medication which is often catastrophic. Some of these patients fear walking to the emergency sections as they are afraid of not receiving treatment despite having critical ailments. About 70% of the population is from the black and Hispanic ethnicities. One of the rare times is when a nurse feels sorry for the patients like a homeless individual and decides to give them oral medication to ease their pain which is a temporary solution (Kollert & Fisher, 2020).

Cases of patients being turned away on the basis of their financial capability will be examined in this paper. Additionally ways of how equal rights to patient care can be improved will also be focused. Studies will be conducted to show the positive outcomes that can be achieved if everyone had equal access to healthcare (Stone & Leyland, 2020). Another study will

be conducted to show how minorities and the needy in society are affected by lack of access to healthcare services in most communities.

References

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