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### Problem 1. (10 points)

Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{3x + 10}{6 - 5x}$ .

a. The function  $f(x) = \frac{3x + 10}{6 - 5x}$  has a root at  $x = \square$ .

b. The function  $f(x) = \frac{3x + 10}{6 - 5x}$  has a vertical asymptote at  $x = \square$ .

c. Use interval notation to represent the three separate intervals where  $f(x) = \frac{3x + 10}{6 - 5x}$  will be **defined** and **non-zero**:  $\square$

d. The inequality  $\frac{3x + 10}{6 - 5x} \geq 0$  has solutions on the interval(s)  $S = \square$ .

- Use exact forms (such as fractions) instead of decimal approximations.
- Type "inf" and "-inf" for  $\infty$  and  $-\infty$ , respectively.
- Type the capital letter "U" to represent the union symbol  $\cup$ .

**Note:** You can earn partial credit on this problem.

preview answers

### Problem 2. (10 points)

For the rational function  $f(x) = -\frac{(x + 5)(x - 2)}{(x + 6)(x + 4)}$ .

a. Find the vertical asymptote(s):

Note: If more than one, use commas to separate your answers

$x = \square$

b. Find the x-intercept(s) and input as numbers:

Note: If more than one, use commas to separate your answers

$x = \square$

c. Find the horizontal asymptote:

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Note: If there is no horizontal asymptote, enter 'none'

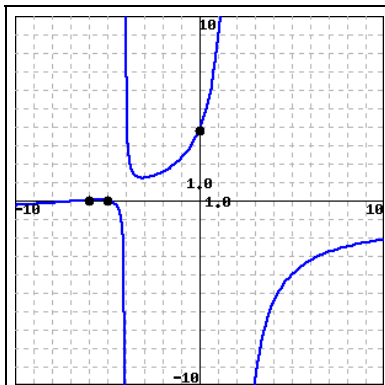
$y = \square$

d. Find the y-intercept(s) and input as numbers:

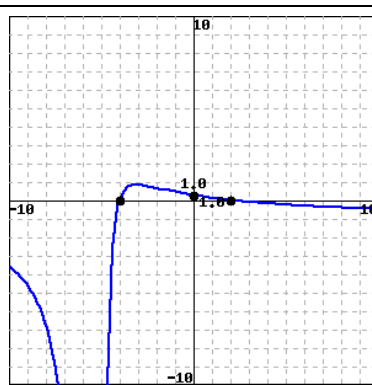
Note: If more than one, use commas to separate your answers

$y = \square$

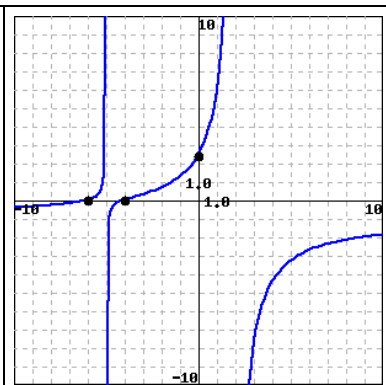
e. Select the correct graph of  $y = f(x)$ :



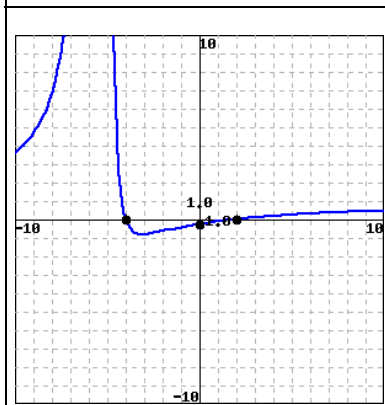
Graph A



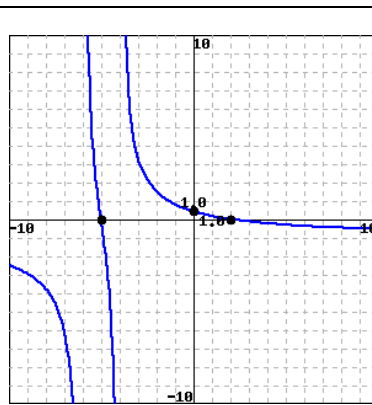
Graph B



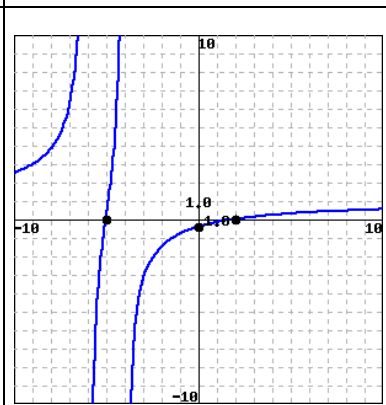
Graph C



Graph D



Graph E



Graph F

Note: You can earn partial credit on this problem.

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### Problem 3. (10 points)

Find the inverse for the following function.

$$f(x) = \frac{-5x}{3x + 4}$$

Answer:  $f^{-1}(x) = \square$

**Problem 4. (10 points)**

Let  $f(x) = x^3 + 12x^2 + 37x + 10$ .

(a) Find all roots of the polynomial  $f(x)$  and simplify these roots as much as possible without approximation.

Roots:  $x =$

- Do not approximate your solutions.
- Separate multiple solutions with commas.

(b) Sketch a complete graph, indicating the viewing window and the x-intercepts.

- Submit your hand-drawn graph directly to your instructor.

**Problem 5. (10 points)**

- Use **degrees** for this problem, *not radians*.
- If you're using decimal approximations, you need to be accurate to *at least 3* decimal places.

a.  $\zeta_1$  is a complex number with modulus 4 and argument  $36^\circ$ .

Write  $\zeta_1$  in polar form:

b.  $\zeta_2$  is a complex number with modulus 9 and argument  $327^\circ$ .

Write  $\zeta_2$  in polar form:

c. Use what we know about  $\zeta_1$  and  $\zeta_2$  to answer the following questions about  $\zeta_1 \cdot \zeta_2$ :

What is the modulus of  $\zeta_1 \cdot \zeta_2$ ?

What is the argument of  $\zeta_1 \cdot \zeta_2$ ?

Write  $\zeta_1 \cdot \zeta_2$  in polar form:

**Note:** You can earn partial credit on this problem.

**Problem 6. (10 points)**

Find the domain, asymptotes, and  $x$ -intercepts of the function, and then sketch its graph.

$$f(x) = \log(6 - x)$$

Domain:  $D =$

- Use 'inf' for  $\infty$ , '-inf' for  $-\infty$ , and 'U' for union.

Vertical asymptote:  $x = \square$

$x$ -intercept:  $x = \square$

Remaining time: 117:50 (min:sec)

- Submit your hand-drawn graph directly to your instructor.

**Note:** You can earn partial credit on this problem.

preview answers

### Problem 7. (10 points)

State the amplitude, period and phase shift, and then sketch one complete cycle of the graph. Label all maxima, minima and  $x$ -intercepts.

$$y = 3 \cdot \sin(6x + \pi)$$

Amplitude =

Period =

Phase Shift =

- Do not use decimal approximations. Use 'pi' to represent  $\pi$ .
- Use radians for this problem, not degrees.
- Submit your hand-drawn graph directly to your instructor.

**Note:** You can earn partial credit on this problem.

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### Problem 8. (10 points)

Give expressions to represent all exact solutions to the equation in radians:

$$\tan^2(x) - \sqrt{3} \tan(x) = 0$$

Answer:  $x = \square$

- Separate multiple solutions with commas.
- Use ' $n$ ' as the general integer parameter in your solution(s).
- Do not use decimal approximations. Use 'pi' to represent  $\pi$ .

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### Problem 9. (10 points)

In 2011, the population of a colony is 17000, and is increasing exponentially at a rate of 5.5% per year.

(a) What will the population be in the year 2019?

Answer: Population size =

(b) In what year will the population have doubled?

Answer: Year =

Remaining time: 117:50 (min:sec)

**Note:** *You can earn partial credit on this problem.*

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### Problem 10. (10 points)

Find the sum of the first 97 terms of the arithmetic sequence:

9, 18, 27, 36, 45, ...

Answer:

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