

1 The number of outcomes for rolling a die two times is
 $36 \text{ outcomes} = 6^2$

2) 3 appetizers

4 entrees

2 desserts

$$3C_1 \times 4C_1 \times 2C_1$$

$$3 \times 4 \times 2 = 24 \text{ ways}$$

3. MICROWAVE

The name has 9 letters

$$\therefore 9! = 362,880 \text{ permutations}$$

$$4 t_{7,5} + t_{7,6}$$

$$= t_{7,7}$$

5. M I C R O W A V E

1 2 3 4 5 4 3 2 1

The name microwave follows 140 paths.

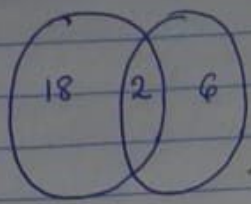
6. shirts < 4

Total number of shirts = 7

$$\therefore 7C_0 + 7C_1 + 7C_2 + 7C_3$$

7. $n = 18$ French students.
 6 of the 18 take Spanish.
 5 students are chosen. 2 of the 5 students be in both French & Spanish class.

$= {}^6C_2$



\therefore The number of ways that 2 of the five students could be in both is 5C_2 .

8. $P(\text{snow}) = 15\% = 0.15$
 $P(\text{No snow}) = 1 - 0.15 = 0.85$

9. A per Mutually exclusive describes the events that cannot happen simultaneously.
 Therefore, a person was born in Canada, a person was born in Europe is not mutually exclusive.

10. The sum of any probabilities is equal to one.

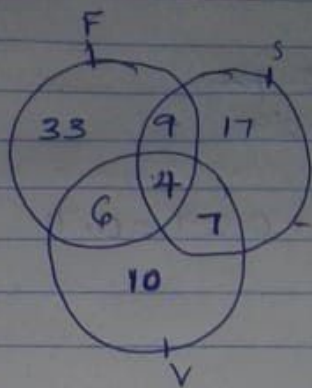
11. $n = 5$
 $p = 0.2$
 The expectation of a binomial distribution, $E(X) = np$
 $\therefore E(X) = 0.2 \times 5 = 1$



12. The number of ways in which the books can be arranged
is $11! = 39,916,800$ ways

12

13



Number of students who play on exactly one team is
 $33 + 17 + 10 = 60$
 $= 60$ students.

- 14 Total number of members is $7 + 6 = 13$.
 7 from grade 12
 6 from grade 11.

$$P(\text{grade 11}) = \frac{6}{13} \times 100 = 46.2\%$$

$$= 46.2\%$$

- 15 a) These two goals are not non-mutually exclusive. They are mutually exclusive in that Jesse can be elected to the students council and also be chosen to represent her school in a public-speaking contest.

b) $P(\text{sc}) = 0.58$ $P(\text{IP.S.C}) = 0.71$
 $P(\text{sc or PSC}) = 0.58 + 0.71 = 1.29$

$$15. c) P(SC') = 1 - 0.58 = 0.42$$

$$P(PSC') = 1 - 0.71 = 0.29$$

$$P(SC' \text{ or } PSC') = 0.42 + 0.29 = 0.71$$

$$0.71 \times 100 = 71\%$$
$$= 71\%$$

$$16 \quad n = 6$$

$$P = 0.75$$

$$X = 5$$

$$\binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

$$= \binom{6}{5} 0.75^5 (0.25)^1 = 0.36 \approx 0.4$$

$$= 0.4$$

17. $\frac{1}{6}$ Number of possible outcomes in rolling one dice is 6

a) Points, X

Probability, $P(X)$

1

$\frac{1}{6}$

2

$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$

3

$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$

4

$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

5

$\frac{5}{6}$

6

1

b)

18 Total number, n , that will be used for selection
is $13 + 13 = 26$.

$$a) P(5,5) = \frac{\binom{13}{5} \binom{13}{5}}{\binom{26}{10}} = \frac{1,656,369}{5,311,735} = 0.312$$

Expressing 0.3 as a percentage = $0.312 \times 100 = 31.2\%$
 $= 31.2\%$

$$b. P(\geq 4 \text{ Women}) = 1 - P(0) - P(1) - P(2) - P(3)$$

$$1 - \frac{\binom{13}{10} \binom{13}{0}}{\binom{26}{10}} - \frac{\binom{13}{9} \binom{13}{1}}{\binom{26}{10}} - \frac{\binom{13}{8} \binom{13}{2}}{\binom{26}{10}} - \frac{\binom{13}{7} \binom{13}{3}}{\binom{26}{10}}$$

$$= 1 - 0.0000538 - 0.00175 - 0.01891 - 0.0924$$

$$\therefore P(\geq 4 \text{ Women}) = 0.887$$

Expressed as a percentage = $0.887 \times 100 = 88.7\%$

$$= 88.7\%$$

$$c) \textcircled{2} E(X) = 10 \left(\frac{13}{26} \right) = 5$$