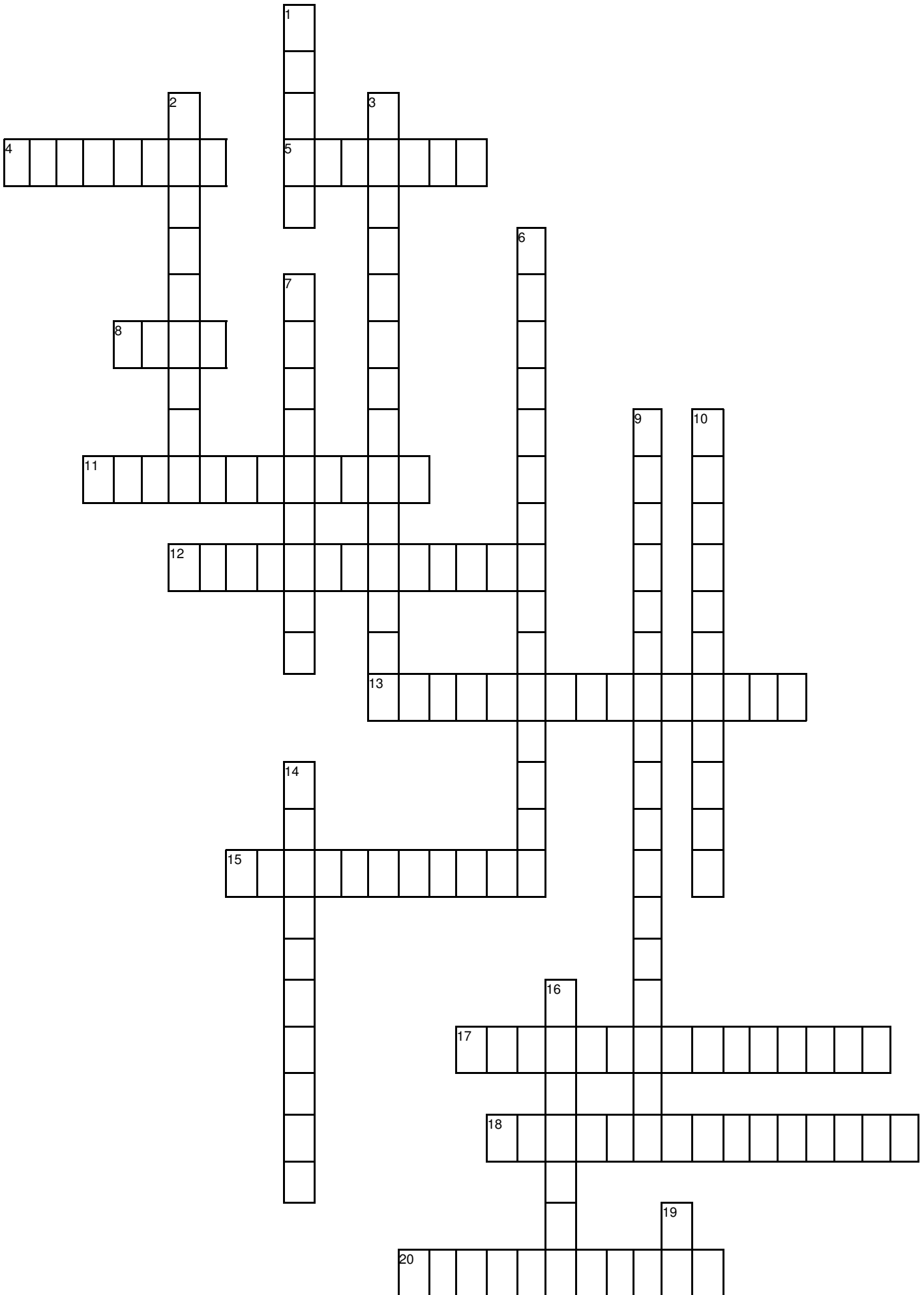
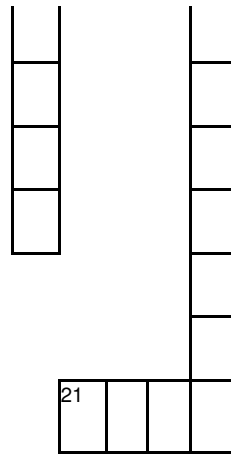


World History A Unit 2 Keywords Crossword





Across

4. expeditions in which medieval Christian warriors sought to recover control of the Holy Land from the Muslims; cultural diffusion
5. The Sunni dynasty that overthrew the Umayyads as caliphs and oversaw a golden age of Islam
8. camel trains crossed the Sahara to trade salt for this item in early Africa
11. describes the stabilizing effects of the conquests of the Mongol Empire on the social, cultural, and economic life of the inhabitants of the vast Eurasian territory that the Mongols conquered
12. (Formulated 14th century) Way of the Warrior for Japanese samurais; defined service and conduct appropriate to their status
13. conflict in which England and France battled on French soil on and off from 1337-1453; Joan of Arc
15. Charles the Great; Carolingian monarch who established substantial empire in France and Germany
17. Eastern Roman Empire, Orthodox Christianity, spreads religion to Russia, capital at Constantinople
18. a response by the Confucians to the dominance of the Daoists and Buddhists, severe Confucianism
20. family, group or state governed by a woman who is head of a family or tribe
21. A member of the group of Quechuan peoples of highland Peru who established an empire from northern Ecuador to central Chile before the Spanish conquest

Down

1. founded by Muhammad; followers are called Muslims; God is called Allah; Five Pillars of Islam; Qur'an; Sunnis and Shiites
2. political system in which nobles are granted the use of lands that legally belong to their king, in exchange for their loyalty, military service, and protection of the people who live on the land
3. unifying force in Middle Ages; powerful institution that shaped the lives of people from all social classes
6. Muslim scholars preserve, blend, and expand knowledge, especially in mathematics, astronomy, architecture, and medical science; "keepers of classical knowledge after the fall of Rome"
7. A Venetian trader that went and learned about China under Kublai Khan
9. spread of ideas and material culture, especially if these occur independently of population movement
10. successful military leader, united mongol tribes, was the founder of the mongol empire (1206-1368)
14. nickname of a deadly disease that spread across Asia and Europe in the mid-14th century affecting millions
16. Organization of rural economy and society by three classes of manors: a lord's own land, serf holdings, and free peasant land
19. African prince from Mali who gave out so much gold during a pilgrimage it devalued